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# OHA Student Health Survey

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Program Design and Evaluation Services  
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# Program Design and Evaluation Services

- Multnomah County Health Department and the Oregon Public Health Division
- What we do:
  - Program design
  - Evaluation
  - Data to inform policies
  - Applied research
  - Public health surveillance
- Survey Unit administers health surveys



# Purpose

Youth surveys are a key part of a statewide effort to help local schools and communities

- **Identify** strengths and problems
- **Assess** needs and develop plans
- **Evaluate** prevention efforts
- **Solicit funding**  
(ex: SSA, DFC)
- **Measure** outcomes



# Youth Survey Background

- OHT & SWS
  - Biennial survey
    - OHT: Sample 8<sup>th</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup> graders
    - SWS: Census recruiting 6<sup>th</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup>, 11<sup>th</sup>
  - School-based
  - Pencil-and-paper or web-based



# Student Health Survey

## Integrates OHT and SWS

- Census recruiting of districts/schools
- 6<sup>th</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup> grade
- Shorter questionnaires
- Fall survey administration



*Helping all youth to be happy, healthy and resilient*

# Differences in Youth Surveys

Differences in SHS, OHT and SWS			
	SHS	OHT	SWS
<b>Methodology</b>	Online	Online and paper-and-pencil	Online and paper-and-pencil
<b>Grades Surveyed</b>	6th, 8th, 11th	8th, 11th	6th, 8th, 11th
<b>Learning Environment</b>	Distance learning, In-person, hybrid	In-person	In-person
<b>Data collection period *</b>	October 2020 to June 2021	February to May	February to April
<b>Recruitment *</b>	Census recruiting of districts	Sample of high schools and feeder middle schools	Census recruiting of districts

\*Both the district recruitment and data collection periods (originally October to December 2020) were extended to the end of the school year due to the COVID-19 global pandemic to allow for greater participation.

- SHS provide baseline measure of key indicators
- Not strictly comparable to prior OHT and SWS

# Survey Content



## COVID-19 Impact

- Impact on households
- Unmet physical health care needs
- Unmet emotional or mental health care needs



## Social Determinants of Health

- Food security
- Housing stability
- Access to health care
- Exposure to traumatic stress/ACEs



## Positive Youth Development (PYD)/Academic Outcomes

- Physical, mental, emotional health
- Connectedness/resilience
- Grades/absenteeism



## School Climate and Culture

- Connectedness and belonging
- School safety
- Bullying



## Social and Emotional Health

- Mental health
- Support
- Self-harm/suicide prevention



## Injury Prevention

- Distracted driving
- Impaired driving



## Healthy Body

- Nutrition and exercise
- Healthy body weight
- Sources of health information
- Asthma
- Oral health



## Sexual Health, Healthy Relationships, CSE, and SV and IVP Prevention

- Sexual health
- Healthy relationships
- Comprehensive sexuality education
- SV and IPV prevention



## Drug-Free Communities (DFC) Core Measures and Harm Perceptions

- 30-day use
- Parental norms
- Peer norms
- Harm perceptions



## Substance Use

- Alcohol
- Tobacco and e-cigarettes
- Marijuana
- Non-medical use of prescription drugs/Other illicit drugs use



## Problem Gambling

- Types of gambling
- Gambling behaviors

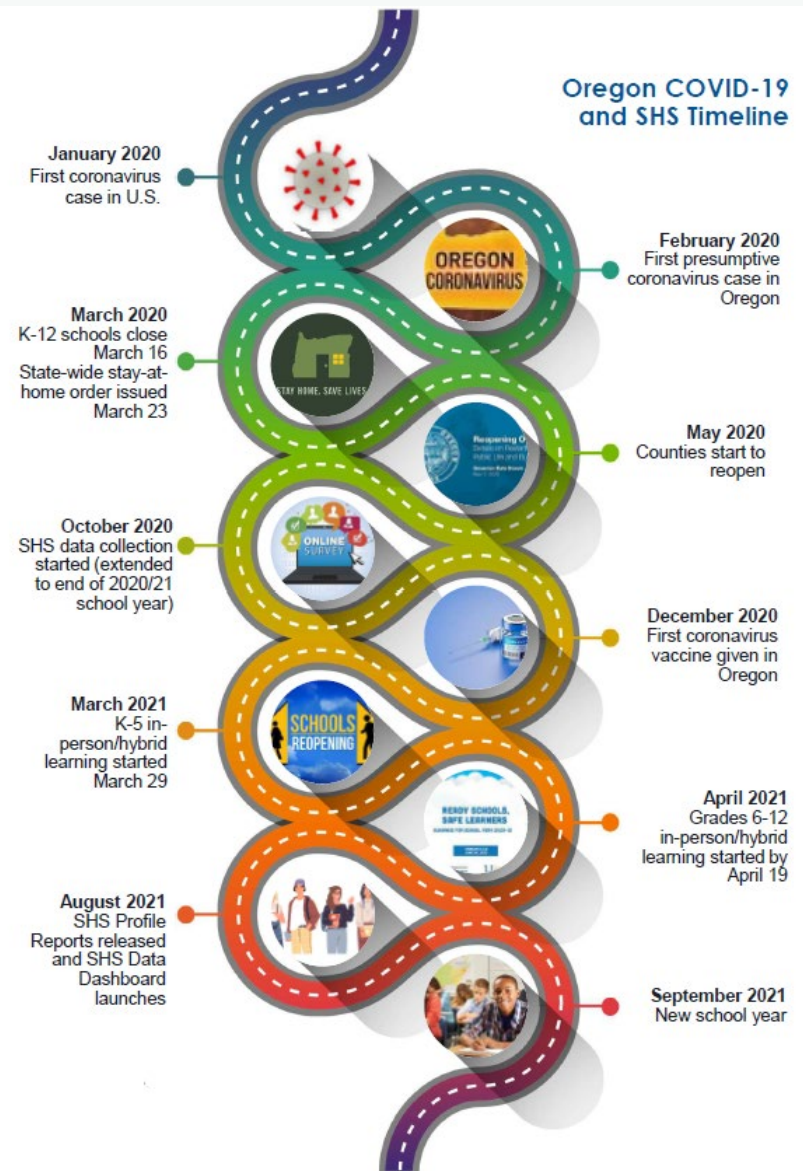
# Best Practices for Valid, Representative Results

- Census recruiting of districts/schools
- Active parental notification/Passive parental consent
  - Meets federal standards
  - Unbiased results
- Reliability checks to identify inconsistent or conflicting responses
  - Students are as credible as adults
  - Students must see the survey as important and their privacy is protected (anonymous)
- Weighting based on enrollment



# SHS Administration During a Pandemic

- Information on students' health and well-being even more critical
  - Added COVID impact on HH questions
  - Adapted procedures for distance learning administration
- Flexibility was key
  - Constant uncertainty and change
  - Multiple extensions of data collection period
  - Preliminary results for key items provided 2 weeks after district done with data collection



# Survey Modernization

- Disseminate results of community partners' work to inform continuous improvements
- More relevant and actionable data
  - Continue collaboration with community partners on methodology, content, analysis, communications
  - Student voice/Youth Data Council

# Survey Modernization

- Provide greater access to data
- Full Report
- Data Dashboard
  - Interactive
  - Secure access for districts and schools to conduct additional analysis
  - Public interface for state and county-level results for other users

# Questions?

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<u>Category</u>	<u>Variables</u>	<u>Rationale</u>	<u>Collected how?</u>
<b><u>Trainers</u></b>	Type of Trainings Certified in For each training type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Year first Certified</li> <li>• Year last Certified</li> <li>• Number of Trainings/Year</li> </ul> REALD – Race, ethnicity, language disability (heavier lift) SOGI – Sexual orientation, <b>gender</b> (heavier lift) Lived experience Age Education Occupation and Employer Organizational affiliations Counties host organization serves County of residence	Track trainer availability  Track rate of trainer entry/exit  Assess demographic (male gender especially) and regional gaps in trainer availability to guide recruitment of new trainers  Know which organizations and types of organizations are the most active partners  Determine whether and which follow-on trainings for continuing education purposes.	Likely easiest to collect; Can this be gathered by the host orgs? Most of this is already gathered... Combining this may be challenging Can there be a central trainer registration? Application?
<b><u>Trainings</u></b>	Trainer(s) training Date of training Location of training Host offering training # of participants Language of delivery Type of training Fidelity Tracking (training specific forms) as possible	Track numbers trained  Assess demographic and regional gaps relative to risk  Describe group composition (size, heterogeneity, etc.)  Sector analysis – making sure that highly impacted occupations are represented	On track with what coordinators seek, data availability depends on training
<b><u>Participants</u></b>	REALD – Race, ethnicity, language disability SOGI – Sexual orientation, <b>gender</b> Lived experience Age Sector/Profession Baseline knowledge/confidence Motivation for attending Referral/recruitment source County of Residence Location(s) of Skill Application Training acceptability Post knowledge/confidence Likely referrals to...	Describe who is trained  Trainer acceptability to include sensitivity to group demos AND to location (organic rootedness of training to community)  Assess participation gaps relative to risk (men)  Describe group composition (vets, construction workers, etc.) relative to known suicide data  Inform and prioritize recruitment efforts  Inform any matching of group to training type  Monitor fidelity  Measure effectiveness	Varies in how easy to get

<p><b><u>Those Supported by Participants</u></b></p>	<p>Skills applied  Referral rates  Increased access/use of services  No increase in ED admissions  No increase in suicide rates</p>	<p>Number reached  How and which skills used to reach others  Number referred where  Number accessing services  Suicide related outcomes</p>	<p>As reported by those participating in the training</p>
<p><b><u>Public</u></b></p>	<p>More supportive attitudes  More willingness/skills to listen  Less stigma  Less misinformation</p>	<p>Community impact</p>	